



THE CENTER FOR SECURITY POLICY

national security SCORECARD

With the founding of the Center for Security Policy in 1988, a unique organization began performing a unique mission. Then, as now, the objective was to secure our country in the face of implacable foes and all-too wide-spread confusion about their ominous intentions and capabilities.

**for the 111th Congress
2009-2010**

The mission of the Center for Security Policy is to identify challenges and opportunities likely to affect American security, broadly defined, and to act promptly and creatively to ensure that they are the subject of focused national examination and effective action. We are guided in this effort by the time-tested philosophy of the late President Ronald Reagan called “peace through strength”: International Peace is most likely achieved—and as a result, we are most secure—when America is strong and engaged on behalf of freedom through- out the world.

A Platform for Restoring PEACE THROUGH STRENGTH

In a world characterized by growing threats to freedom and the U.S. Constitution, America's exceptional role, and indeed our country's very existence, is at risk. We believe such times demand a robust, comprehensive national security posture appropriate to today's threats, and tomorrow's. Toward that end, we espouse and will work to achieve the following:

1 Renewed adherence to the national security philosophy of President Ronald Reagan: "Peace Through Strength." American security is most reliably assured by having military forces that are fully trained, equipped and ready to deter or defeat the nation's adversaries.

2 A robust defense posture including: A safe, reliable effective nuclear deterrent, which requires its modernization and testing; the deployment of comprehensive defenses against missile attack; and national protection against unconventional forms of warfare – including biological, electromagnetic pulse (EMP) and cyber attacks.

3 Preservation of U.S. sovereignty against international treaties, judicial rulings and other measures that would have the effect of supplanting or otherwise diminishing the U.S. Constitution and the representative, accountable form of government it guarantees.

4 A nation free of Shariah, the brutally repressive and anti-Constitutional totalitarian program that governs in Saudi Arabia, Iran and other Islamic states and that terrorists are fighting to impose worldwide.

5 Protection from unlawful enemy combatants. Enemies who refuse to wear uniforms, use civilians as shields and employ terrorism as weapons are not entitled to U.S. constitutional rights or trials in our civilian courts. Those captured overseas should be incarcerated at Guantanamo Bay, which should remain open, or in other prisons outside the United States.

6 Energy security, realized by exploiting to the fullest the natural resources and technologies available in this country. We Americans must reduce our dependence for energy upon – and transfers of national wealth to – enemies of this country.

7 Borders secure against penetration by terrorists, narco-traffickers or others seeking to enter the United States illegally. Aliens who have violated immigration laws should not be rewarded with the privileges of citizenship.

8 High standards that protect the military culture essential to the All-Volunteer Force. The Pentagon should implement sound priorities, policies and laws that strengthen recruiting, retention, and readiness.

9 A foreign policy that supports our allies and opposes our adversaries. It should be clearly preferable to be a friend of the United States, not its enemy.

10 Judicial and educational institutions that uphold the constitutional responsibility of elected officials to make policy for our military and convey to future generations accurate portrayals of American history, including the necessity of defending freedom.

A Platform for Restoring PEACE THROUGH STRENGTH

We call on elected officials, candidates for office and others who share these principles to join us in advancing them and, thereby, to restore the time-tested practice of promoting international peace through American strength.

JOIN THE MANY SIGNERS OF THE PEACE THROUGH STRENGTH
PLATFORM AT PEACETHROUGHSTRENGTH.COM

Including

EDWIN MEESE, Heritage Foundation
ELAINE DONNELLY, Center for Military Readiness
FRANK GAFFNEY, Center for Security Policy
BRIAN KENNEDY, Claremont Institute
HERBERT LONDON, Hudson Institute
CLIFF MAY, Foundation for Defense of Democracies
HERMAN PIRCHNER,
American Foreign Policy Council
BRIGITTE GABRIEL, ACT for America
TONY PERKINS, Family Research Council
MORTON BLACKWELL, Leadership Institute
L. BRENT BOZELL III, Media Research Center
SARAH STERN, Endowment for Middle East Truth
REP. MICHELE BACHMANN (MN)
REP. ROB BISHOP (UT)
REP. ROY BLUNT (MO)

REP. DAN BURTON (IN)
REP. MIKE COFFMAN (CO)
REP. TRENT FRANKS (AZ)
REP. DOUG LAMBORN (CO)
REP. TODD RUSSELL PLATTS (PA)
FORMER REP. ROBERT BEAUPREZ (CO)
MIKE LEE, Candidate for Senate (UT)
ALLEN WEST, Candidate for Congress (FL)
ILARIO PANTANO, Candidate for Congress (NC)
JOE WALSH, Candidate for Congress (IL)
JUDSON PHILLIPS, Tea Party Nation
AMY KREMER, Tea Party Express
Veterans for a Strong America
The Constitutional Coalition
The Bravest, New York City Firefighters

And many more

The Peace Through Strength Platform is a statement of principles, intended to educate the American public on explicit positions taken by candidates for elected office or current office-holders. Non-profit organizations, public figures and the general public are encouraged to sign on to the Platform regardless of political affiliation; indeed, a robust

national security posture, regardless of party, is essential to America's survival in the long run. Signatures by candidates for office or current office-holders to the Peace Through Strength Platform should not be construed as an endorsement by any of the other co-signers of those individuals or their political party.

CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	1
CHAMPIONS OF NATIONAL SECURITY	2
KEY VOTES: U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.....	6
1. HOUSE VOTES TO HELP PAY FOR IRANIAN NUCLEAR PROGRAM	6
2. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE PREVAILS; JUSTICE DOES NOT	8
3. MAJORITY IN HOUSE DECIDES TO FOCUS ON WINNING IN AFGHANISTAN, NOT LEAVING.....	9
4. WHILE IRAN AND NORTH KOREA DEVELOP NUKES, HOUSE VOTES TO GUT MISSILE DEFENSE.....	11
5. SMILE FOR THE CAMERA.....	13
6. NO FLY, NO PHOTOS, NO ENTRY.....	14
7. ON SECOND THOUGHT... WELCOME, JIHADISTS	15
8. HOUSE TO JIHADISTS: NO FUNDS, NO PHOTOS	16
KEY VOTES: U.S. SENATE	18
1. TAXATION WITHOUT REPRESENTATION: SENATE LETS TAXES GO GLOBAL.....	18
2. TAXPAYER DOLLARS TO GAZA – WHAT COULD POSSIBLY GO WRONG?.....	19
3. NO WELCOME MAT FOR TERRORISTS	20
4. SENATE CONFIRMS STATE DEPARTMENT’S “POST-AMERICAN” LAWYER.....	21
5. VIRTUAL FENCES MAKE BAD NEIGHBORS.....	23
6. SENATE: NORTH KOREA NOT SO BAD	24
7. LET’S ASK THE EMPTY CHAIRS	25
8. CIA ORDERED TO WATCH FOR MELTING ICE INSTEAD OF TERRORISTS	26
9. WIND TUNNEL TO NOWHERE	28
10. KSM LOVES NY – AND THE SENATE	29
11. BREAKING GROUND ON GITMO NORTH*	30
12. THE MILITARY: NOT A SOCIAL EXPERIMENT	32
APPENDIX: LEGISLATORS WHO HAVE CHANGED THEIR POSITION ON GITMO	35
SCORECARD: U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES	38
SCORECARD: U.S. SENATE	65

INTRODUCTION

The Center for Security Policy is pleased to release its ninth National Security Scorecard since its first in 1994. As with previous iterations, it is designed to illuminate the voting record of members of the United States Senate and House of Representatives on important defense and foreign policy issues.

Toward that end, this edition of the National Security Scorecard conforms to the approach taken in previous versions. We have selected Congressional votes on the basis of their significance to the vital security policy interests of the United States. We have, moreover, selected votes that offer real insights into the attitude of the legislators casting them concerning critical national security issues of the day.

Such considerations prompt us generally to exclude near-unanimous votes, non-controversial or hortatory resolutions, or votes on final passage of each chambers' annual defense spending bills or their conference reports.

In producing this year's National Security Scorecard, the Center for Security Policy hopes to assist the American people in understanding the performance of their elected officials with respect to vital national security issues—and to encourage greater accountability on the part of Senators and Members of Congress for their votes in this portfolio.



FRANK J. GAFFNEY, JR.
President, Center for Security Policy

CHAMPIONS OF NATIONAL SECURITY

Rarely has good sense and accountability been more important than today when we face dangerous and increasingly sophisticated enemies who threaten our safety and seek the destruction of our way of life. The Center commends those in the Senate and House who have, in the face of these threats, distinguished themselves as ‘Champions of National Security,’ and hopes that the numbers of such legislators will grow substantially in the 112th Congress and beyond.

—FRANK GAFFNEY, President, Center for Security Policy

CHAMPIONS OF NATIONAL SECURITY: U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES (BY STATE)

Rep. Jo Bonner (R-Alabama)	Rep. Brian Bilbray (R-California)
Rep. Bobby Bright (D-Alabama)	Rep. Duncan Hunter (R-California)
Rep. Michael Rogers (R-Alabama)	Rep. Doug Lamborn (R-Colorado)
Rep. Robert Aderholt (R-Alabama)	Rep. Mike Coffman (R-Colorado)
Rep. Spencer Bachus (R-Alabama)	Rep. Jeff Miller (R-Florida)
Rep. Artur Davis (D-Alabama)*	Rep. Ander Crenshaw (R-Florida)
Rep. Don Young (R-Alaska)	Rep. Ginny Brown-Waite (R-Florida)*
Rep. Ann Kirkpatrick (D-Arizona)	Rep. Cliff Stearns (R-Florida)
Rep. Trent Franks (R-Arizona)	Rep. John Mica (R-Florida)
Rep. John Shadegg (R-Arizona)*	Rep. Gus Bilirakis (R-Florida)
Rep. Jeff Flake (R-Arizona)*	Rep. C.W. Bill Young (R-Florida)
Rep. John Boozman (R-Arkansas)	Rep. Adam Putnam (R-Florida)*
Rep. Wally Herger (R-California)	Rep. Vern Buchanan (R-Florida)
Rep. Dan Lungren (R-California)	Rep. Connie Mack (R-Florida)
Rep. Tom McClintock (R-California)	Rep. Ileana Ros-Lehtinen (R-Florida)
Rep. George Radanovich (R-California)*	Rep. Lincoln Diaz-Balart (R-Florida)*
Rep. Devin Nunes (R-California)	Rep. Mario Diaz-Balart (R-Florida)
Rep. Kevin McCarthy (R-California)*	Rep. Jack Kingston (R-Georgia)
Rep. Elton Gallegly (R-California)	Rep. Lynn Westmoreland (R-Georgia)
Rep. Howard McKeon (R-California)	Rep. Tom Price (R-Georgia)
Rep. David Dreier (R-California)	Rep. John Linder (R-Georgia)*
Rep. Ed Royce (R-California)	Rep. Paul Broun (R-Georgia)
Rep. Jerry Lewis (R-California)	Rep. Phil Gingrey (R-Georgia)
Rep. Gary Miller (R-California)	Rep. Charles Djou (R-Hawaii)*
Rep. Ken Calvert (R-California)	Rep. Peter Roskam (R-Illinois)
Rep. Mary Bono Mack (R-California)	Rep. Mark Kirk (R-Illinois)
Rep. John Campbell (R-California)	Rep. Don Manzullo (R-Illinois)
Rep. Darrell Issa (R-California)	Rep. Aaron Schock (R-Illinois)*

CENTER FOR SECURITY POLICY
Congressional Scorecard 2010

**CHAMPIONS OF NATIONAL SECURITY:
U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
(CONT'D)**

Rep. John Shimkus (R-Illinois)
Rep. Steve Buyer (R-Indiana)
Rep. Dan Burton (R-Indiana)
Rep. Mike Pence (R-Indiana)
Rep. Tom Latham (R-Iowa)
Rep. Steve King (R-Iowa)
Rep. Jerry Moran (R-Kansas)
Rep. Lynn Jenkins (R-Kansas)
Rep. Todd Tiahrt (R-Kansas)
Rep. Brett Guthrie (R-Kentucky)
Rep. Geoff Davis (R-Kentucky)
Rep. Harold Rogers (R-Kentucky)
Rep. Steve Scalise (R-Louisiana)*
Rep. Anh Cao (R-Louisiana)*
Rep. John Fleming (R-Louisiana)
Rep. Rodney Alexander (R-Louisiana)
Rep. Charles Boustany (R-Louisiana)
Rep. Peter Hoekstra (R-Michigan)
Rep. Dave Camp (R-Michigan)
Rep. Fred Upton (R-Michigan)
Rep. Michael Rogers (R-Michigan)
Rep. Candice Miller (R-Michigan)
Rep. Thaddeus McCotter (R-Michigan)
Rep. John Kline (R-Minnesota)
Rep. Erik Paulsen (R-Minnesota)
Rep. Michele Bachmann (R-Minnesota)*
Rep. Greg Harper (R-Mississippi)
Rep. Todd Akin (R-Missouri)
Rep. Sam Graves (R-Missouri)*
Rep. Roy Blunt (R-Missouri)*
Rep. Jo Ann Emerson (R-Missouri)*
Rep. Blaine Luetkemeyer (R-Missouri)
Rep. Denny Rehberg (R-Montana)
Rep. Jeff Fortenberry (R-Nebraska)
Rep. Lee Terry (R-Nebraska)
Rep. Adrian Smith (R-Nebraska)
Rep. Dean Heller (R-Nevada)

Rep. Frank LoBiondo (R-New Jersey)
Rep. Scott Garrett (R-New Jersey)
Rep. Leonard Lance (R-New Jersey)
Rep. Rodney Frelinghuysen (R-New Jersey)
Rep. Peter King (R-New York)*
Rep. Bill Owens (D-New York)*
Rep. Christopher Lee (R-New York)
Rep. Virginia Foxx (R-North Carolina)
Rep. Sue Myrick (R-North Carolina)
Rep. Patrick McHenry (R-North Carolina)
Rep. Jean Schmidt (R-Ohio)*
Rep. Michael Turner (R-Ohio)
Rep. Jim Jordan (R-Ohio)
Rep. Robert Latta (R-Ohio)*
Rep. Steve Austria (R-Ohio)
Rep. John Boehner (R-Ohio)
Rep. Patrick Tiberi (R-Ohio)
Rep. Steven LaTourette (R-Ohio)
Rep. John Sullivan (R-Oklahoma)*
Rep. Frank Lucas (R-Oklahoma)
Rep. Tom Cole (R-Oklahoma)
Rep. Mary Fallin (R-Oklahoma)
Rep. Greg Walden (R-Oregon)
Rep. Glenn Thompson (R-Pennsylvania)
Rep. Jim Gerlach (R-Pennsylvania)
Rep. Bill Shuster (R-Pennsylvania)
Rep. Mark Critz (D-Pennsylvania)
Rep. Charles Dent (R-Pennsylvania)
Rep. Joseph Pitts (R-Pennsylvania)
Rep. Tim Murphy (R-Pennsylvania)
Rep. Todd Platts (R-Pennsylvania)
Rep. Henry Brown (R-South Carolina)
Rep. Phil Roe (R-Tennessee)
Rep. Marsha Blackburn (R-Tennessee)
Rep. Louie Gohmert (R-Texas)
Rep. Ted Poe (R-Texas)
Rep. Sam Johnson (R-Texas)
Rep. Ralph Hall (R-Texas)*
Rep. Jeb Hensarling (R-Texas)
Rep. Joe Barton (R-Texas)

CENTER FOR SECURITY POLICY
Congressional Scorecard 2010

**CHAMPIONS OF NATIONAL SECURITY:
U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
(CONT'D)**

Rep. John Culberson (R-Texas)
Rep. Kevin Brady (R-Texas)
Rep. Michael McCaul (R-Texas)
Rep. Mike Conaway (R-Texas)
Rep. Kay Granger (R-Texas)
Rep. William Thornberry (R-Texas)
Rep. Randy Neugebauer (R-Texas)*
Rep. Lamar Smith (R-Texas)*
Rep. Pete Olson (R-Texas)
Rep. Kenny Marchant (R-Texas)
Rep. Michael Burgess (R-Texas)

Rep. John Carter (R-Texas)*
Rep. Pete Sessions (R-Texas)
Rep. Rob Bishop (R-Utah)
Rep. Jason Chaffetz (R-Utah)
Rep. Robert Wittman (R-Virginia)
Rep. Randy Forbes (R-Virginia)
Rep. Bob Goodlatte (R-Virginia)
Rep. Eric Cantor (R-Virginia)*
Rep. Frank Wolf (R-Virginia)
Rep. Shelly Capito (R-West Virginia)
Rep. Paul Ryan (R-Wisconsin)*
Rep. F. James Sensenbrenner (R-Wisconsin)
Rep. Thomas Petri (R-Wisconsin)
Rep. Cynthia Lummis (R-Wyoming)

**CHAMPIONS OF NATIONAL SECURITY:
U.S. SENATE (BY STATE)**

Sen. Jeff Sessions (R-Alabama)*
Sen. Richard Shelby (R-Alabama)
Sen. Jon Kyl (R-Arizona)
Sen. John McCain (R-Arizona)
Sen. George LeMieux (R-Florida)*
Sen. Saxby Chambliss (R-Georgia)
Sen. Johnny Isakson (R-Georgia)
Sen. Mike Crapo (R-Idaho)
Sen. Jim Risch (R-Idaho)
Sen. Charles Grassley (R-Iowa)
Sen. Pat Roberts (R-Kansas)
Sen. Sam Brownback (R-Kansas)
Sen. Jim Bunning (R-Kentucky)
Sen. Mitch McConnell (R-Kentucky)
Sen. David Vitter (R-Louisiana)
Sen. Scott Brown (R-Massachusetts)*
Sen. Roger Wicker (R-Mississippi)

Sen. Christopher Bond (R-Missouri)
Sen. Mike Johanns (R-Nebraska)*
Sen. Richard Burr (R-North Carolina)
Sen. Tom Coburn (R-Oklahoma)
Sen. James Inhofe (R-Oklahoma)
Sen. Jim DeMint (R-South Carolina)
Sen. Lindsey Graham (R-South Carolina)
Sen. John Thune (R-South Dakota)
Sen. Lamar Alexander (R-Tennessee)
Sen. John Cornyn (R-Texas)
Sen. Kay Bailey Hutchison (R-Texas)*
Sen. Orrin Hatch (R-Utah)
Sen. Robert Bennett (R-Utah)*
Sen. John Barrasso (R-Wyoming)
Sen. Michael Enzi (R-Wyoming)

Note: Legislators with an asterisk next to their name, although not present for every scored vote, voted in a manner consistent with national security on every vote for which they were present. See page 38 of the scorecard for an explanation of the way in which absences were factored into the scores.

KEY VOTES: U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

1. HOUSE VOTES TO HELP PAY FOR IRANIAN NUCLEAR PROGRAM



H. Amdt. 182 to H.R. 2410

OFFERED BY: REP. ILEANA ROS-LEHTINEN (R-FL) ■ VOTE DATE: 10 JUNE, 2009 ■ VOTE: AMENDMENT REJECTED 224-205, WITH 10 MEMBERS NOT VOTING ■ ROLL CALL NO.: 321 ■ PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE: YES

A QUICK LOOK

Rep. Ileana Ros-Lehtinen offered an amendment that would have withheld \$4.5 million in U.S. contributions to the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) proportionate to the amount of IAEA assistance for nuclear activities in Iran, Syria, Cuba, and Sudan. A “yes” vote – a vote FOR the amendment – was a vote to keep taxpayer dollars from going to IAEA activities providing “technical support” for nuclear programs in these terror-sponsoring nations.

THE INSIDE STORY

The International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) is a multi-national UN-affiliated organization whose mission is to “promote safe, secure and peaceful nuclear technologies.” One of its primary tasks is to verify that countries that do not possess nuclear weapons are pursuing nuclear technology only for peaceful purposes. IAEA inspections of nuclear facilities are a major part of this verification process.

For some time, the IAEA has been providing technical support – and funds, collected in part from the U.S. – to countries like Iran and Syria, supposedly for their “civilian” nuclear programs.

CENTER FOR SECURITY POLICY
Congressional Scorecard 2010

Rep. Ros-Lehtinen's amendment would have changed the Foreign Relations Authorization Act so that U.S. would not be providing the IAEA with this funding.

According to a statement on Ros-Lehtinen's Foreign Affairs Committee website¹:

I am disappointed that the House did not seize this opportunity to stop U.S. taxpayer dollars from supporting the nuclear programs of state sponsors of terrorism such as Iran and Syria which directly threaten our vital interests in the region and pose existential threats to our friend and ally Israel.

It is inexplicable that the IAEA is continuing to assist the nuclear programs of Iran and Syria at the same time that these regimes are blocking inspections of their clandestine nuclear weapons programs. In Iran's case, this behavior defies several UN Security Council resolutions to suspend its enrichment activities.

A recent report by the Government Accountability Office (GAO) sharply criticized the State Department for doing virtually nothing to stop this assistance, which totaled more than \$55 million over the past decade.

Yet, some in the Congress chose to do nothing to address this problem. Instead, they chose to support an authorization bill that handed over

another \$100 million for the IAEA without restrictions.

Given the statement by a senior IAEA official that 'there are no good countries and there are no bad countries,' it is clear that the only way to stop this assistance to our self-proclaimed enemies is to shut off U.S. funding.

THE BOTTOM LINE

The House voted to allow U.S. taxpayer dollars to support the nuclear programs of state sponsors of terrorism which directly threaten our national security

1

http://foreignaffairs.republicans.house.gov/apps/list/press/foreignaffairs_rep/061109IAEAamdmt.shtml

2. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE PREVAILS; JUSTICE DOES NOT



H. Amdt. 220 to HR 2847

OFFERED BY: REP. JERRY LEWIS (R-CA) ■
VOTE DATE: 18 JUNE, 2009 ■ VOTE:
AMENDMENT FAILED 213-212, WITH 9
MEMBERS NOT VOTING ■ ROLL CALL NO.:
361 ■ PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE: YES

QUICK LOOK

The amendment would have barred the use of funds in the Commerce, Justice and Science Appropriations bill to implement President Obama's Executive Order to close the prison at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba. According to USA Today, the Obama administration at the time had requested \$60 million for the Justice Department to carry out its role in the closure.²

THE BOTTOM LINE

A majority of the House of Representatives declined to support a proposal that would have prohibited Justice Department money from being used to facilitate the closure of Gitmo.

² http://www.usatoday.com/news/washington/2009-06-18-congress_guantanamo_N.htm?csp=34

3. MAJORITY IN HOUSE DECIDES TO FOCUS ON WINNING IN AFGHANISTAN, NOT LEAVING



H. Amdt. 262 to H.R. 2647
OFFERED BY: REP. JAMES P. MCGOVERN (D-MA) ■ VOTE DATE: 25 JUNE, 2009 ■ VOTE: AMENDMENT REJECTED 278-138, WITH 23 MEMBERS NOT VOTING ■ ROLL CALL NO.: 453 ■ PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE: NO

A QUICK LOOK

Rep. McGovern offered an amendment to require the Secretary of Defense to report to Congress, not later than December 31, 2009, on a U.S. exit strategy for U.S. military forces in Afghanistan participating in Operation Enduring Freedom.

THE INSIDE STORY

Members of Congress who oppose the war effort in Afghanistan, or are at least skeptical as to American military presence there, have often advocated for an “exit strategy” for American forces. As Rep. McGovern, the sponsor of this amendment, stated in *The Nation*³:

There's no clear mission...I'm not looking for a date certain. But what they need to tell us is, at what point does the military contribution to the political solution end? And when do our troops come home?

However, other Members of Congress – including the Democrat Chairman and Republican Ranking Member of the House Armed Services Committee – have expressed concern about legislation requiring the administration to outline an exit strategy for Afghanistan⁴:

Chairman Ike Skelton (D-MO):
"This amendment sends exactly the wrong message, focusing on an exit strategy, which may well reinforce a

3

http://www.thenation.com/blogs/dreyfuss/484441/mcgovern_nee_d_an_exit_strategy

4 <http://www1.voanews.com/english/news/a-13-2009-06-26-voa1-68803527.html?rss=asia>

CENTER FOR SECURITY POLICY
Congressional Scorecard 2010

perception among the Afghans that we are not committed to protecting them from the Taliban and al-Qaida."

Ranking Member Howard "Buck" McKeon (R-CA): "Focusing on an exit versus a strategy is irresponsible and fails to recognize that our efforts in Afghanistan are vital to preventing future terrorist attacks

on the American people and our allies."

THE BOTTOM LINE

138 Members of the House of Representatives voted in favor of forcing the administration to focus on withdrawing from Afghanistan rather than implementing a strategy to win a decisive victory there.

4. WHILE IRAN AND NORTH KOREA DEVELOP NUKES, HOUSE VOTES TO GUT MISSILE DEFENSE



H. Amdt. 266 to H.R. 264

OFFERED BY: REP. TRENT FRANKS (R-AZ) ■
VOTE DATE: 25 JUNE, 2009 ■ VOTE:
AMENDMENT REJECTED 244-171, WITH 24
MEMBERS NOT VOTING ■ ROLL CALL NO.:
455 ■ PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE: YES

A QUICK LOOK

The amendment would have restored the \$1.2 billion for vital missile defense programs that was eliminated from the Obama Administration's Fiscal Year 2010 budget.

THE INSIDE STORY

In the spring of 2009, North Korea and Iran conducted significant long-range missile tests, followed by North Korea's explosive nuclear weapons test in late May, 2009. That same month, the Missile Defense Advocacy Alliance released a report⁵ with polling data indicating that 9 out of 10 Americans "think the United States should have a missile defense system with the ability to protect the coun-

⁵ <http://www.missiledefenseadvocacy.org/data/files/2009%20-%20national%20poll/2009%20missile%20defense%20report-final.ppt#529,3,Methodology>

try against missiles containing weapons of mass destruction."

Yet the Obama administration submitted a budget for Fiscal Year 2010 that cut missile defense by \$1.2 billion. In related initiatives, the administration withdrew commitments to base missile interceptors and radar in Poland and the Czech Republic, and nominated Philip Coyle, a strong opponent of missile defense, to the post of associate director of national security and international affairs in the White House Office of Science and Technology Policy.

In response to the House vote to let the \$1.2 billion reduction in missile defense funding stand, Rep. Trent Franks, the sponsor of the amendment that would have restored the funding, stated⁶:

⁶ http://franks.house.gov/press_releases/276

CENTER FOR SECURITY POLICY
Congressional Scorecard 2010

There has never been a time in history when the correlation of ballistic missile proliferation, nuclear weapons programs, and jihadist terrorism so imminently threatened the peace of the entire human family... In the face of such realities, Democrats once again rejected valuable amendments today that would have restored the critical funding needed for a robust ballistic missile defense against these very real threats; and in so doing they have shown an unbelievably dangerous disregard for reality, reducing our ability to respond to increasingly complex

and growing threats and making us more vulnerable to ballistic missile attacks. Such short-lived, so-called political victories have no place in the public forum when they hold such potentially grave consequences for America's national security.

THE BOTTOM LINE

In this instance, a majority of the House Members voted to make our nation less safe by denying vital financial support for our missile defenses, notwithstanding increased threats from our enemies.

5. SMILE FOR THE CAMERA



H. Amdt. 270 to HR 2647

OFFERED BY: REP. RUSH HOLT (D-NEW JERSEY) ■ VOTE DATE: 25 JUNE, 2009 ■ VOTE: AMENDMENT PASSED 224-193, WITH 22 MEMBERS NOT VOTING ■ ROLL CALL NO.: 457 ■ PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE: NO

A QUICK LOOK

The amendment required the Department of Defense to videotape interrogations of detainees in its custody.

THE INSIDE STORY

Supporters of this amendment suggested that videotaping interrogations would discourage the use of torture because it would create a permanent record to protect interrogators from allegations of abuse while sending interrogators a message that abuse is not acceptable. Supporters also suggested that creating such a record would maximize intelligence collections from interrogations.

However, according to Rep. Howard “Buck” McKeon, the Ranking Member of the House Armed Services Committee, the Department of Defense opposed the legislation because “it would severely restrict the collection of intelligence through interrogations; it would undercut the Department’s ability to recruit sources; and it would

impose an unreasonable administrative and logistical burden on the warfighter.”

Rep. McKeon went on to say: “A provision like this would create a public record that would go straight into terrorists’ counter-resistance programs.”⁷

THE BOTTOM LINE

Through this vote, a majority of the House voted to create public records of detainee interrogations that will impede our forces in gaining valuable intelligence through the interrogation of enemy combatants, and will ultimately assist the efforts of our enemies in the War on Terror.

7

http://frwebgate.access.gpo.gov/cgi-bin/getpage.cgi?position=all&page=H7369&dbname=2009_record

6. NO FLY, NO PHOTOS, NO ENTRY



Motion to Instruct Conferees on H.R. 2892

OFFERED BY: REP. HAL ROGERS (R-KY) ■ VOTE DATE: 1 OCTOBER, 2009 ■ VOTE: MOTION PASSED 258-163, WITH 11 MEMBERS NOT VOTING ■ ROLL CALL NO.: 746 ■ PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE: YES

A QUICK LOOK

The motion was to instruct House Members negotiating with the Senate on the Homeland Security Appropriations bill to take the position that (1) Gitmo detainees be placed on the “No Fly” list; (2) detainee photos not be released; and (3) the transfer of Gitmo detainees to the United States not be allowed for any reason.

THE BOTTOM LINE

In this instance, the majority of House Members voted to keep Gitmo detainees out of the U.S. for any reason.

7. ON SECOND THOUGHT... WELCOME, JIHADISTS*



Motion to Recommit Conference Report with Instructions on H.R. 2892

OFFERED BY: REP. HAL ROGERS (R-KY) ■
VOTE DATE: 15 OCTOBER, 2009 ■ VOTE:
MOTION FAILED 224-193, WITH 15 MEM-
BERS NOT VOTING ■ ROLL CALL NO.: 783 ■
PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE: YES

A QUICK LOOK

The motion was to instruct House Members negotiating with the Senate on the Homeland Security Appropriations bill to prevent any language from being included in the bill that would allow Gitmo detainees to be transferred to the U.S. for prosecution or incarceration.

THE BOTTOM LINE

In this instance, the majority of House Members voted not to prevent Gitmo detainees from being transferred into the U.S. for prosecution or incarceration.

**For a list of Members who switched their vote on the question of whether to bring Gitmo detainees to the United States, see the attached appendix.*

8. HOUSE TO JIHADISTS: NO FUNDS, NO PHOTOS



Motion to Recommit on H.R. 5136

OFFERED BY: REP. RANDY
FORBES (R-VA) ■ VOTE DATE:
28 MAY, 2010 ■ VOTE: MO-
TION PASSED 282-131, WITH
18 MEMBERS NOT VOTING ■
ROLL CALL NO.: 35 (2ND
SESSION) ■ PRO-NATIONAL
SECURITY VOTE: YES

A QUICK LOOK

The “motion to recommit” was essentially an amendment that said (1) funds from the National Defense Authorization bill could not be used to transfer or release Gitmo detainees into the United States; and (2) the Inspector General of the Department of Defense is required to investigate whether attorneys working with the ACLU’s “John Adams Project” committed criminal acts in disclosing the identities of military and intelligence personnel to their detainee clients.

THE INSIDE STORY

This motion covered two issues related to Gitmo. First, the motion was to prevent taxpayer dollars being set aside for defense in the National Defense Authorization bill from being used to pay

for the transfer or release of Gitmo detainees into the United States.

Second, the motion also addressed a major security breach at Gitmo. The so-called “John Adams Project”, a joint project by the ACLU and the National Association of Criminal Defense Lawyers, is alleged to have taken photos of CIA personnel, including covert officers, and to have passed those photos to detainee defense attorneys at Gitmo. Military defense attorneys at Gitmo are alleged to have provided the photos to their detainee clients. As the *Washington Post* put it in 2009⁸:

Both groups have long said that they will zealously investigate the CIA’s interrogation program at ‘black sites’ worldwide as part of the

⁸ <http://www.washingtonpost.com/wp-dyn/content/article/2009/08/20/AR2009082004295.html>

CENTER FOR SECURITY POLICY
Congressional Scorecard 2010

defense of their clients. But government investigators are now looking into whether the defense team went too far by allegedly showing the detainees the photos of CIA officers, in some cases surreptitiously taken outside their homes.

The part of Rep. Forbes's motion dealing with these incidents expanded the scope of the government's investigation of them, requiring the Inspector General of the Department of Defense to

investigate whether *any* laws were broken, not just those laws within the exclusive jurisdiction of the Inspector General to investigate.

THE BOTTOM LINE

In this instance, a majority of House Members voted to keep tax dollars from being spent on transferring Gitmo detainees to the U.S., and to allow a fuller investigation of whether attorneys who gave photos of CIA operatives to Gitmo detainees broke the law.

KEY VOTES: U.S. SENATE

1. TAXATION WITHOUT REPRESENTATION: SENATE LETS TAXES GO GLOBAL



S. Amdt. 613 to H.R. 1105 (Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009)

OFFERED BY: SEN. JAMES INHOFE (R-OK) ■
VOTE DATE: 5 MARCH, 2009 ■ VOTE NUM-
BER: 83 ■ VOTE: AMENDMENT REJECTED
51-43, WITH 5 SENATORS NOT VOTING ■
PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE: YES

A QUICK LOOK

The amendment would have prevented taxpayer dollars from being allowed to support United Nations global tax schemes.

THE INSIDE STORY

Since 1996, Congress had passed a law every year stating that taxpayer dollars in annual appropriations bills could not be given to the United Nations to support UN global tax schemes.

The measure was designed to prevent the United Nations from using American funds to levy global taxes, so that unelected, unaccountable international bureaucrats could not be empowered to use American money to erode American sovereignty.

THE BOTTOM LINE

In this instance, 51 senators – breaking with thirteen years of past Senate practice – chose to allow taxpayer dollars to go to the United Nations to support UN global taxation schemes.

2. TAXPAYER DOLLARS TO GAZA – WHAT COULD POSSIBLY GO WRONG?



S. Amdt. 631 to H.R. 1105 (Omnibus Appropriations Act, 2009)

OFFERED BY: SEN. JON KYL, R-AZ) ■ VOTE
DATE: 9 MARCH, 2009 ■ VOTE NUMBER: 88 ■
VOTE: REJECTED 56-39, WITH 4 SENATORS
NOT VOTING ■ PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE:
YES

A QUICK LOOK

The amendment required Secretary of State Hillary Clinton to prove that American taxpayer dollars being sent to Gaza for reconstruction efforts would not wind up in the hands of the terrorist organization Hamas or entities under its control. A “yes” vote – for the amendment– would have required Secretary Clinton to show Congress that those funds would not wind up in the hands of Hamas.

THE INSIDE STORY

Israel launched defensive attacks on Gaza in early 2009, to protect itself against rockets that had been launched from there into southern Israeli towns for months. Because terrorists who launch these rockets do so from inside their own civilian populations, the Israeli strikes necessarily resulted in some damage to infrastructure in Gaza.

After the attacks, the United States pledged \$900 million to help rebuild Gaza, which is controlled by the terrorist organization Hamas. While according to the Israeli press,⁹ the Obama administration had stated that the money would not be distributed through Hamas, this amendment would have required Secretary Clinton to “certify” to Congress that Hamas would not receive this money.

THE BOTTOM LINE

\$900 million taxpayer dollars went to Hamas-controlled Gaza unchecked by Congress.

⁹ <http://www.haaretz.com/hasen/spages/1066381.html>

3. NO WELCOME MAT FOR TERRORISTS



S. Amdt. 1133 to H.R. 2346

OFFERED BY: SEN. DANIEL INOUE (D-HI) ■
VOTE DATE: 20 MAY, 2009 ■ VOTE NUMBER:
196 ■ VOTE: AMENDMENT PASSED 90-6, WITH
3 SENATORS NOT VOTING ■ PRO-NATIONAL SE-
CURITY VOTE: YES

A QUICK LOOK

In the spring of 2009, the Obama administration requested \$80 million to begin the process of closing the terrorist detention facility at Guantanamo Bay. The administration requested the money as part of the larger supplemental spending bill that funded the war efforts in Afghanistan and Iraq.

The amendment prohibited using taxpayer dollars to transfer, release or incarcerate Gitmo detainees to or within the United States.

THE BOTTOM LINE

In this instance, the Senate voted overwhelmingly to deny the Obama administration funds to close Gitmo.

4. SENATE CONFIRMS STATE DEPARTMENT'S "POST-AMERICAN" LAWYER



Vote on Nomination of Harold Koh to be State Department Legal Adviser

VOTE DATE: 25 JUNE, 2009 ■ VOTE NUMBER: 213 ■ VOTE: NOMINATION CONFIRMED 62-35, WITH 2 SENATORS NOT VOTING ■ PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE: NO

A QUICK LOOK

A “yes” vote was a vote to allow President Obama to hire Harold Koh to be the State Department’s top legal adviser, even though Koh believes that American laws should be informed by, and even subordinate to, legal views from the United Nations and foreign countries.

THE INSIDE STORY

Harold Koh has been described as a major advocate of “transnationalism” – the idea that American courts should use and impose foreign legal views when interpreting American laws, including the Constitution, irrespective of what American elected officials have said. As Ed Whalen of the Ethics and Public Policy Center has stated¹⁰:

Transnationalists aim in particular to use American courts to import international law to override the policies adopted through the processes of representative government...What transnationalism, at bottom, is all about is depriving American citizens of their powers of representative government by selectively imposing on them the favored policies of Europe's leftist elites.

Koh has previously stated:

- that the invasion of Iraq – authorized by Congress in 2003 – violated international law because the U.N. did not authorize the invasion;

¹⁰

http://www.eppc.org/publications/pubID.3793/pub_detail.asp#Part1

- that the U.S. is such a major violator of international law that it belongs in an “axis of disobedience” with North Korea and Saddam Hussein’s Iraq; and
- that the United States should become a member of the International Criminal Court.

Additionally, when he was dean of Yale Law School, Koh argued that Yale had the right to ban military recruiters from its campus because of the military’s “Don’t Ask, Don’t Tell” policy on gays in the military. The Supreme Court disagreed with Koh.¹¹

THE BOTTOM LINE

Harold Koh, who believes that our legislative process takes a backseat to foreign legal opinions, is now the State Department’s top legal adviser.

¹¹ <http://www.yaledailynews.com/news/university-news/2006/03/06/supreme-court-rules-against-law-schools>

5. VIRTUAL FENCES MAKE BAD NEIGHBORS



S. Amdt 1399 to S. Amdt. 1373 to H.R. 2892 (Department of Homeland Security

Appropriations Act, 2010)

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY: SEN. JIM DEMINT (R-SC) ■ VOTE
DATE: 8 JULY, 2009 ■ VOTE NUMBER: 220 ■ VOTE:
AMENDMENT PASSED 54-44, WITH 2 SENATORS NOT VOT-
ING ■ PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE: YES

A QUICK LOOK

Senator DeMint offered an amendment requiring the completion of at least 700 miles of reinforced fencing along the southwest border by 31 December, 2010. A YES vote – in favor of the amendment – was a vote to require the completion of 700 miles of effective fencing along the southwest border by the end of 2010.

THE INSIDE STORY

The permeability of the southwest border has been and remains a major national security issue. Drug trafficking, weapons trafficking, and human trafficking are serious concerns that threaten the public safety in the southwestern states and throughout the country. Additionally, suspected terrorists have illegally crossed the southwest border into the United States and continue to seek ways to do so by using well-established trafficking networks.

Congress previously passed legislation requiring the construction of 700 miles of reinforced, double-layer fencing along the southwest border—a physical fence designed to keep pedestrian traffic

from entering the United States illegally through Mexico—370 miles of which was required to be completed by the end of 2008. By July of 2009, the Department of Homeland Security had only completed about 34 miles of the double-layered fencing, and only 330 miles of single-layered fencing along the border.

The amendment offered here stated that vehicle barriers and “virtual fencing” did not meet the 700 miles required by the old law, and set a deadline of 31 December 2010 for completing 700 miles of actual, reinforced fencing along the border¹².

THE BOTTOM LINE

In this instance, forty-four senators voted against requiring the Department of Homeland Security to build a fence that was capable of keeping the southwest border secure.

12

(http://demint.senate.gov/public/index.cfm?p=PressReleases&ContentRecord_id=5bf827f2-fb04-cc2b-f5ef-1d8bc642199f&ContentType_id=a2165b4b-3970-4d37-97e5-4832fcc68398&Group_id=9ee606ce-9200-47af-90a5-024143e9974c&MonthDisplay=7&YearDisplay=2009)

6. SENATE: NORTH KOREA NOT SO BAD



S. Amdt. 1597 to S. 1390 (National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010)

OFFERED BY: SEN. SAM BROWNBACK (R-KS) ■
VOTE DATE: 22 JULY, 2009 ■ VOTE NUMBER:
239 ■ VOTE: AMENDMENT REJECTED 54-43,
WITH 3 SENATORS NOT VOTING ■ PRO-
NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE: YES

A QUICK LOOK

The amendment would have expressed the view of the Senate that Secretary of State Hillary Clinton should re-designate North Korea as a state sponsor of terrorism. A “yes” vote—for the amendment—was a vote to tell Secretary Clinton that North Korea should be placed back on the list of state sponsors of terrorism, which would have resulted in renewed U.S. sanctions against North Korea.

THE INSIDE STORY

In 2008, the Bush administration removed North Korea from the State Department list of countries that sponsor terrorism. At that time, the State Department indicated this was done in exchange for North Korea agreeing to continue dismantling its plutonium plant, and allowing inspections to confirm it had suspended its nuclear program.

However, evidence shows that North Korea has previously sponsored, and continues to sponsor, terrorism. In 2009, a Congressional Research Service (CRS) report showed that North Korea maintains a relationship with terrorist organizations and

terror-sponsoring states like Iran and Syria. The CRS report also discusses earlier reports from 2006 and 2007 indicating that North Korea had provided arms and special combat training to Hezbollah, an Iranian-sponsored terrorist organization. It is also believed that the facility in Syria that Israel bombed in 2007 was a suspected nuclear site built in collaboration with North Korea. North Korea had earned its spot on the terror-sponsor list in the first place because it was implicated in the bombing of a South Korean airliner in 1987¹³.

THE BOTTOM LINE

A majority of Senators could not bring themselves to state a Senate *opinion* that North Korea should be re-listed as a state sponsor of terrorism.

¹³ <http://www.usembassy.it/pdf/other/RL30613.pdf>

7. LET'S ASK THE EMPTY CHAIRS



S. Amdt. 2575 to H.R. 3326 (Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2010)

OFFERED BY: SEN. JOHN MCCAIN (R-AZ) ■ VOTE DATE: 1 OCTOBER, 2009
■ VOTE NUMBER: 305 ■ VOTE:
AMENDMENT REJECTED 59-40, WITH
1 SENATOR NOT VOTING ■ PRO-
NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE: YES

A QUICK LOOK

The amendment would have required that senior military commanders responsible for combat operations in Afghanistan, along with the U.S. Ambassador to Afghanistan, testify before Congress by 15 November, 2009, to share their views on additional forces and resources required to achieve objectives in Afghanistan and Pakistan.

THE BOTTOM LINE

In this instance, fifty-nine Senators chose not to require senior military leadership to testify on Afghanistan within forty-five days. As Senator McCain put it at the time, “unfortunately now Congress must rely on news outlets for access to our military leaders.”¹⁴

14

http://mccain.senate.gov/public/index.cfm?FuseAction=PressOffice.PressReleases&ContentRecord_id=11c8083f-c359-3551-f8e7-89747805ba90&Region_id=&Issue_id=

8. CIA ORDERED TO WATCH FOR MELTING ICE INSTEAD OF TERRORISTS



S. Amdt. 2567 to H.R. 3326 (Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2010)

OFFERED BY: SEN. TOM BARRASSO (R-WY)

▪ VOTE DATE: 6 OCTOBER 2009 ▪ VOTE
NUMBER: 307 ▪ VOTE: AMENDMENT RE-
JECTED 60-38, WITH 2 SENATORS NOT
VOTING ▪ PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE:
YES

A QUICK LOOK

The amendment would have kept Defense Department dollars for U.S. defense, rather than being diverted to fund a new CIA Climate Change Center. A “yes” vote—for the amendment—would have kept the taxpayer dollars for defense purposes, and not for the study of climate change. The amendment was defeated by the majority, who chose to take defense dollars and devote them to climate change research.

THE INSIDE STORY

According to the online *Wall Street Journal*, 6 October 2009, the sponsor, Senator Barrasso, says “the center risks stretching the CIA too thin and that existing federal agencies charged with monitor-

ing climactic changes can supply the CIA with whatever information it needs.”¹⁵

‘Will someone sitting in a dark room watching satellite video of northern Afghanistan now be sitting in a dark room watching polar ice caps?’ Barrasso said in a statement Tuesday. He added that the agency should be combating terrorists, not ‘spying on sea lions.’

According to the *Wall Street Journal*, a CIA spokesman “described the Climate Change Center as a ‘small office’ that is ‘still filling out its leadership and staff ranks.’ He declined to divulge its funding and staffing levels.”

The *Journal* goes on to explain that the CIA Climate Change Center was an initiative from the

¹⁵ <http://blogs.wsj.com/washwire/2009/10/06/sen-barrasso-equates-cia-climate-center-to-spying-on-sea-lions/tab/article>

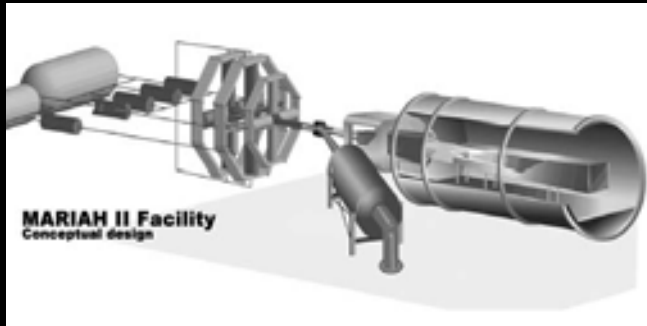
CENTER FOR SECURITY POLICY
Congressional Scorecard 2010

Clinton administration in the 1990s, under the environmentalist Vice President Al Gore. Funding was reduced under the Bush administration, and raised to unknown levels in the current CIA budget.

THE BOTTOM LINE

In this instance, the Senate chose to divert Defense dollars to studying climate change at the CIA.

9. WIND TUNNEL TO NOWHERE



**S. Amdt. 2583 to H.R. 3326
(Department of Defense
Appropriations Act, 2010)**
AMENDMENT OFFERED BY: SEN.
JOHN MCCAIN (R-AZ) ■ VOTE DATE: 6
OCTOBER, 2009 ■ VOTE NUMBER:
314 ■ VOTE: AMENDMENT REJECTED
55-43, WITH 2 SENATORS NOT VOT-
ING ■ PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE:
YES

A QUICK LOOK

This amendment would have canceled \$9.5 million for funding a project in Montana known as the MARIAH hypersonic Wind Tunnel Development Program.

THE INSIDE STORY

According to the amendment's sponsor, Senator McCain:

This self-licking ice cream cone has been with us, earmarked and unrequested, since 1998. The Air Force, leader in hypersonic testing and technology, lost interest in 2004, so appropriators moved the program to the Army. The Army has no official requirement for this capability and published a report in 2005 stating their disinterest in the program. To date, the Army

has no plans to fund the MARIAH wind tunnel effort, as they have stated in their budget documents. But that hasn't kept Congress from pouring more than \$70 million into it, with no discernable return.¹⁶

THE BOTTOM LINE

In this instance, the Senate voted to provide \$9.5 million of taxpayer dollars for a defense program both the Air Force and Army have said they do not need or want.

¹⁶

http://mccain.senate.gov/public/index.cfm?FuseAction=PressOffice.Speeches&ContentRecord_id=9ec58e8b-a4a1-8986-a974-1f0d271098bb

10. KSM LOVES NY – AND THE SENATE



Motion to table (defeat) S. Amdt. 2669 to H.R. 2847 (Commerce, Justice and Science Appropriations Act, 2010)

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY: SEN. LINDSEY GRAHAM (R-SC) ■ VOTE DATE: 5 NOVEMBER 2009 ■ VOTE NUMBER: 338 ■ VOTE: MOTION TO TABLE THE AMENDMENT ACCEPTED 54-45, WITH 1 SENATOR NOT VOTING ■ PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE: NO

A QUICK LOOK

Senator Graham offered an amendment that would have prevented taxpayer dollars from being used for providing the 9/11 plotters with civilian trials and all the legal protections that come with them. Later, there was a motion to “table” or defeat the amendment. A “yes” vote—for the motion to table—was a vote to allow taxpayer dollars to be used to provide the 9/11 plotters with the legal protections of civilian trials.

THE INSIDE STORY

In late 2009, Attorney General Eric Holder announced his plans to prosecute 9/11 mastermind Khalid Sheikh Mohammed and his co-conspirators in federal court in New York City. Such trials would provide the 9/11 plotters with constitutional protections as criminal defendants, compromise national security information, and involve high costs and burdensome security measures in New York that go with the increased risk of terrorist attacks there.

As family members of 9/11 victims wrote in their letter to the Senate:

We adamantly oppose prosecuting the 9/11 conspirators in Article III courts, which would provide them with the very rights that may make it possible for them to escape the justice which they so richly deserve. We believe that military commissions, which have a long and honorable history in this country dating back to the Revolutionary War, are the appropriate legal forum for the individuals who declared war on America.¹⁷

THE BOTTOM LINE

In this instance, the Senate allowed taxpayer dollars to be used to provide the 9/11 co-conspirators with the protections of civilian trials in the United States.

¹⁷ http://www.keepamericasafe.com/?page_id=1648

11. BREAKING GROUND ON GITMO NORTH*



Motion to table (defeat)

S. Amdt. 2774 to S. Amdt. 2730 to H.R. 3082 (Military Construction and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2010)

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY: SEN. JAMES INHOFE (R-OK) ■ VOTE DATE: 17 NOVEMBER, 2009 ■ VOTE NUMBER: 347 ■ VOTE: MOTION TO TABLE THE AMENDMENT ACCEPTED, 57-43 ■ PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY VOTE: NO

A QUICK LOOK

Senator Inhofe offered an amendment that would have made it harder for the Obama administration to close Guantanamo Bay by preventing taxpayer dollars from being used to build or modify a facility in the United States to house, permanently or temporarily, any Gitmo detainee. Later, there was a motion to “table” or defeat the amendment. A “yes” vote—for the motion to table—was a vote to allow taxpayer dollars to be used to build or modify a facility in the U.S. for holding Gitmo detainees and make it easier for the Obama administration to close Gitmo.

THE INSIDE STORY

President Obama has been trying to close down Gitmo since he first became President. This means that terrorist detainees still held at Gitmo will either have to be transferred to foreign countries or brought inside the United States for detention and possibly trial.

However, closing Gitmo would create serious national security risks, as outlined by dozens of

retired generals, admirals, and national security professionals in an open letter to President Obama in October, 2009,¹⁸ including:

- turning prisons and nearby civilian populations into high-probability terror targets;
- exposing prison staff to unique physical risks and legal liabilities;
- giving Gitmo detainees an opportunity to radicalize the prison population (as stated by FBI Director Robert Mueller);
- enabling Gitmo detainees to put legal pressure on prison staff to remove special restrictions; and
- enabling federal judges to grant more constitutional rights to Gitmo detainees because of their physical presence inside the United States, including their possible release from prison, if the government cannot convict them without revealing classified information.

¹⁸ http://securitylibertylaw.org/?page_id=5

CENTER FOR SECURITY POLICY
Congressional Scorecard 2010

THE BOTTOM LINE

In this instance, the Senate allowed taxpayer dollars to be used to make it easier for the Obama administration to close Gitmo and bring terrorist detainees to the United States.

** For a list of Senators who switched their vote on the question of whether to spend taxpayer dollars on bringing Gitmo detainees to the United States, see the attached appendix.*

12. THE MILITARY: NOT A SOCIAL EXPERIMENT



Vote on cloture motion to proceed to S. 3454 (National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011)

VOTE DATE: 21 SEPTEMBER, 2010 ▪
VOTE NUMBER: 238 (2010) ▪ VOTE: RE-
JECTED 56-43, WITH 1 SENATOR NOT
VOTING ▪ PRO-NATIONAL SECURITY
VOTE: NO

A QUICK LOOK

The “cloture motion” was a motion to cut off debate on whether to bring the National Defense Authorization Act to the Senate floor. Opponents of the motion sought to delay this because of objections to the bill’s inclusion of provisions on gays in the military, illegal immigration, and abortion—issues which opponents felt should be handled separately from the bill dealing with the urgent national defense priorities of the United States.

THE INSIDE STORY

Opponents of the motion wanted to delay further consideration of the National Defense Authorization Act because it included several contentious social policy provisions, most notably a repeal of the “Don’t Ask Don’t Tell” policy on gays in the military. Supporters of repeal were determined to push this legislation through, even though the Department of Defense have asked them to wait until

the Department has completed its study on the potential effects on military readiness of ending the “Don’t Ask Don’t Tell” policy.

The repeal of the “Don’t Ask Don’t Tell” policy could have serious negative impact on the military. As a group of 1,167 retired generals and admirals previously wrote in their letter to the White House:

Our past experience as military leaders leads us to be greatly concerned about the impact of repeal [of the law] on morale, discipline, unit cohesion, and overall military readiness. We believe that imposing this burden on our men and women in uniform would undermine recruiting and retention, impact leadership at all levels, have adverse effects on the willingness of parents who lend their sons and daughters to military

service, and eventually break the All-Volunteer Force.¹⁹

A cloture motion—or motion to cut off debate on a bill and let it advance for a vote on the Senate floor—requires 60 votes in order to be successful. In this case, supporters of the above three provisions were only able to garner 56 votes in favor of cloture, and therefore were unable to advance the bill for further consideration.

THE BOTTOM LINE

In this instance, the Senate voted not to allow the nation's major national defense legislation to include a controversial social agenda—including allowing openly gay individuals to serve in the military—which, if passed, would put military readiness at risk.

¹⁹ <http://www.flagandgeneralofficersforthemilitary.com>

CENTER FOR SECURITY POLICY
Congressional Scorecard 2010

APPENDIX: LEGISLATORS WHO HAVE CHANGED THEIR POSITION ON GITMO

Members first voted on language in the Homeland Security Appropriations Bill that would have prohibited Gitmo inmates from being transferred into the United States for any reason. In a subsequent vote two weeks later, Members again voted on specific language in the Homeland Security Bill that would have prevented any such transfer, but this time 60 Members changed their position.

Similarly, the U.S. Senate voted on an amendment offered by Sen. James Inhofe (R-Oklahoma) to the Military Construction Appropriations Bill, which would have prohibited the bill from funding the construction or modification of any facility in the United States to hold Gitmo detainees. Last summer, the Senate voted on whether to provide supplemental appropriations funding for the closure of Gitmo—a measure that the Senate almost unanimously rejected. Of the 90 Senators who voted last summer to deny funding for closing Gitmo, 47 later voted to allow the military construction funding to be used to house Gitmo detainees in the United States.

IN THE SENATE: THE INOUE AMENDMENT

On May 20, 2009, the Senate passed Inouye Amendment 1133 to H.R.2346 (War Supplemental Bill) by a vote of 90-6. Inouye's Amendment prohibited using funds to transfer, release, or incarcerate detainees detained at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to or within the United States. This language was watered down during the House-Senate Conference on the bill.

On November 17, 2009, the Senate rejected Inhofe Amendment 2774 to H.R. 3082, agreeing to table the measure by a 57-43 vote. Inhofe Amendment would have prohibited the use of funds appropriated or otherwise made available by H.R. 3082 to construct or modify a facility in the United States or its territories to permanently or temporarily hold any individual held at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

The 47 Senators who changed their position from May to November and opened the way for President Obama to transfer terrorist detainees to the United States are:

Akaka (D-HI)	Klobuchar (D-MN)
Baucus (D-MT)	Kohl (D-WI)
Bayh (D-IN)	Landrieu (D-LA)
Begich (D-AK)	Lautenberg (D-NJ)
Bennet (D-CO)	McCaskill (D-MO)
Bingaman (D-NM)	Menendez (D-NJ)
Boxer (D-CA)	Merkley (D-OR)
Brown (D-OH)	Mikulski (D-MD)
Burr (D-IL)	Murray (D-WA)
Cantwell (D-WA)	Nelson (D-FL)
Cardin (D-MD)	Nelson (D-NE)
Carper (D-DE)	Reid (D-NV)
Casey (D-PA)	Sanders (I-VT)
Conrad (D-ND)	Schumer (D-NY)
Dodd (D-CT)	Shaheen (D-NH)
Dorgan (D-ND)	Specter (D-PA)
Feingold (D-WI)	Stabenow (D-MI)
Feinstein (D-CA)	Tester (D-MT)
Gillibrand (D-NY)	Udall (D-CO)
Hagan (D-NC)	Udall (D-NM)
Inouye (D-HI)	Warner (D-VA)
Johnson (D-SD)	Webb (D-VA)
Kaufman (D-DE)	Wyden (D-OR)
Kerry (D-MA)	

IN THE HOUSE: ROLL CALL 783

The original vote (Roll Call No. 746, October 1, 2009) was to add all current detainees at Guantanamo to the No Fly List, as well as prohibit any inmate's transfer to the United States. These Representatives then changed their vote on a motion (Roll Call No. 783, October 15, 2009) to instruct the Congressional negotiators to not agree to any language allowing Guantanamo detainees to be brought into the US for prosecution or incarceration.

Giffords, Gabrielle (D-AZ-8)	Skelton, Ike (D-MO-4)
Ross, Mike (D-AR-4)	Titus, Dina (D-NV-3)
Cardoza, Dennis (D-CA-18)	Heinrich, Martin (D-NM-1)
Costa, Jim (D-CA-20)	Arcuri, Michael (D-NY-24)
Sanchez, Loretta (D-CA-47)	Bishop, Timothy (D-NY-1)
Markey, Betsy (D-CO-4)	Higgins, Brian (D-NY-27)
Perlmutter, Ed (D-CO-7)	Maffei, Daniel (D-NY-25)
Himes, James (D-CT-4)	Massa, Eric (D-NY-29)
Grayson, Alan (D-FL-8)	Murphy, Scott (D-NY-20)
Klein, Ron (D-FL-22)	Kissell, Larry (D-NC-8)
Kosmas, Suzanna (D-FL-24)	Shuler, Heath (D-NC-11)
Meek, Kendrick (D-FL-17)	Pomeroy, Earl (D-ND-1)
Bishop, Sanford (D-GA-2)	Bocchieri, John D-OH-16)
Marshall, Jim (D-GA-8)	Kaptur, Marcy (D-OH-9)
Bean, Melissa (D-IL-8)	Wilson, Charles (D-OH-6)
Costello, Jerry (D-IL-12)	DeFazio, Peter (D-OR-4)
Halvorson, Deborah (D-IL-11)	Schrader, Kurt (D-OR-5)
Lipinski, Daniel (D-IL-3)	Dahlkemper, Kathleen (D-PA-3)
Rush, Bobby (D-IL-1)	Kanjorski, Paul (D-PA-11)
Ellsworth, Brad (D-IN-8)	Murphy, Patrick (D-PA-8)
Hill Baron (D-IN-9)	Schwartz, Allyson (D-PA-13)
Moore, Dennis (D-KS-3)	Davis, Lincoln (D-TN-4)
Chandler, Ben (D-KY-6)	Gordon, Bart (D-TN-6)
Yarmuth, John (D-KY-3)	Tanner, John (D-TN-8)
Michaud, Michael (D-ME-2)	Cuellar, Henry (D-TX-28)
Lynch, Stephen (D-MA-9)	Matheson, Jim (D-UT-2)
Schauer, Mark (D-MI-7)	Boucher, Frederick (D-VA-9)
Peterson, Collin (D-MN-7)	Nye, Glenn (D-VA-2)
Carnahan, Russ (D-MO-3)	Perriello, Thomas (D-VA-5)
	Inslee, Jay (D-WA-1)
	Smith, Adam (D-WA-9)

NATIONAL SECURITY SCORECARD: U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

LEGEND

- + Voted With Us
- Voted Against Us
- P** Voted Present
- N** Did Not Vote
- I** Not in Office
- S** Speaker

Typically the speaker does not participate in roll call votes.

Note: The letter 'N' indicates only that the Member of Congress did not cast a vote. However, in such instances—due to the mechanics of the scoring process—the absence of a vote did have a negative effect on the Member's final score. The letter 'I' indicates that a Member was not in office at the time the vote took place. This also had a negative effect on the Member's final score.

HOUSE CHANGES DURING THIS SESSION

Ellen Tauscher (D-CA-10): Resigned June 26, 2009
Hilda Solis (D-CA-32): Resigned February 24, 2009
John Garamendi (D-CA-10): Elected November 3, 2009
Judy Chu (D-CA-32): Elected July 14, 2009
Robert Wexler (D-FL-19): Resigned January 3, 2010
Ted Deutch (D-FL-19): Elected April 13, 2010
Nathan Deal (R-GA-9): Resigned March 21, 2010
Tom Graves (R-GA-9): Elected June 8, 2010
Charles Djou (R-HI-1): Elected May 22, 2010
Neil Abercrombie (D-HI-1): Resigned February 28, 2010
Mike Quigley (D-IL-5): Elected April 7, 2009
Rahm Emanuel (D-IL-5): Resigned January 2, 2009
Mark Souder (R-IN-3): Resigned May 21, 2010
Bill Owens (D-NY-23): Elected November 3, 2009
Eric Massa (D-NY-29): Resigned March 8, 2010
John McHugh (R-NY-23): Resigned September 21, 2009
Kirsten Gillibrand (D-NY): Sworn in January 27, 2009
Scott Murphy (D-NY-20): Elected March 31, 2009
John Murtha (D-PA-12): Died February 8, 2010
Mark Critz (D-PA-12): Elected May 18, 2010

Member of Congress	Member of Congress								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Previews Justice Does Not	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos		
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	100%
Alabama Representatives										
1. Jo Bonner (R-AL-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2. Bobby Bright (D-AL-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3. Michael Rogers (R-AL-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
4. Robert Aderholt (R-AL-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
5. Parker Griffith (R-AL-5)	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	87%
6. Spencer Bachus (R-AL-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
7. Artur Davis (D-AL-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	87%
Alaska Representatives										
Don Young (R-AK-AL)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Arizona Representatives										
1. Ann Kirkpatrick (D-AZ-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2. Trent Franks (R-AZ-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3. John Shadegg (R-AZ-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	87%
4. Ed Pastor (D-AZ-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
5. Harry Mitchell (D-AZ-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	75%
6. Jeff Flake (R-AZ-6)	N	+	N	N	N	+	+	+	+	50%
7. Raul Grijalva (D-AZ-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
8. Gabrielle Giffords (D-AZ-8)	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	50%
Arkansas Representatives										

Member of Congress	SCORE							
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Reveals: Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Missile Defense	4. Smile for the Camera	5. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	6. Welcome, Jihadists	7. No Funds, No Photos	SCORE
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	100%
1. Marion Berry (D-AR-1)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	12%
2. Vic Snyder (D-AR-2)	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	12%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Reveals Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Missile Defense	4. Smile for the Camera	5. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	6. Welcome, Jihadists	7. No Funds, No Photos	8. No Funds, No Photos		
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	100%
3. John Boozman (R-AR-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
4. Mike Ross (D-AR-4)	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	62%
California Representatives										
1. Mike Thompson (D-CA-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
2. Wally Herger (R-CA-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3. Dan Lungren (R-CA-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
4. Tom McClintock (R-CA-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
5. Doris Matsui (D-CA-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
6. Lynn Woolsey (D-CA-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
7. George Miller (D-CA-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
8. Nancy Pelosi (D-CA-8)	S	-	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	0%
9. Barbara Lee (D-CA-9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
10. Ellen Tauscher (D-CA-10)	-	N	+	-	-	I	I	I	I	12%
10. John Garamendi (D-CA-10)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	+	12%
11. Jerry McNerney (D-CA-11)	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	62%
12. Jackie Speier (D-CA-12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
13. Fortney Stark (D-CA-13)	-	-	-	-	-	N	-	-	-	0%
14. Anna Eshoo (D-CA-14)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
15. Michael Honda (D-CA-15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
16. Zoe Lofgren (D-CA-16)	-	-	N	N	N	-	-	-	-	0%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Reveals Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos	
17. Sam Farr (D-CA-17)	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	100%
18. Dennis Cardoza (D-CA-18)	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	0%
19. George Radanovich (R-CA-19)	-	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	50%
20. Jim Costa (D-CA-20)	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	87%
21. Devin Nunes (R-CA-21)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	50%
22. Kevin McCarthy (R-CA-22)	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	100%
23. Lois Capps (D-CA-23)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87%
24. Elton Gallegly (R-CA-24)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	0%
25. Howard McKeon (R-CA-25)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
26. David Dreier (R-CA-26)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
27. Brad Sherman (D-CA-27)	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	100%
28. Howard Berman (D-CA-28)	-	-	N	N	N	-	-	N	25%
29. Adam Schiff (D-CA-29)	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	0%
30. Henry Waxman (D-CA-30)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
31. Xavier Becerra (D-CA-31)	-	-	N	N	N	-	-	-	0%
32. Judy Chu (D-CA-32)	I	I	I	I	I	-	-	-	0%
32. Hilda Solis (D-CA-32)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	0%
33. Diane Watson (D-CA-33)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
34. Lucille Roybal-Allard (D-CA-34)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	12%
35. Maxine Waters (D-CA-35)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
36. Jane Harman (D-CA-36)	-	N	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Reveals Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos	
37. Laura Richardson (D-CA-37)	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	100%
38. Grace Napolitano (D-CA-38)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%
39. Linda Sanchez (D-CA-39)	N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
40. Ed Royce (R-CA-40)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
41. Jerry Lewis (R-CA-41)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
42. Gary Miller (R-CA-42)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
43. Joe Baca (D-CA-43)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%
44. Ken Calvert (R-CA-44)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
45. Mary Bono Mack (R-CA-45)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
46. Dana Rohrabacher (R-CA-46)	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	75%
47. Loretta Sanchez (D-CA-47)	-	-	N	N	N	+	-	-	12%
48. John Campbell (R-CA-48)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
49. Darrell Issa (R-CA-49)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
50. Brian Bilbray (R-CA-50)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
51. Bob Filner (D-CA-51)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
52. Duncan Hunter (R-CA-52)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
53. Susan Davis (D-CA-53)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	12%
Colorado Representatives									
1. Diana DeGette (D-CO-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
2. Jared Polis (D-CO-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ prevails; Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos		
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	100%
3. John Salazar (D-CO-3)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	25%
4. Betsy Markey (D-CO-4)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	37%
5. Doug Lamborn (R-CO-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
6. Mike Coffman (R-CO-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
7. Ed Perlmutter (D-CO-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
Connecticut Representatives										
1. John Larson (D-CT-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
2. Joe Courtney (D-CT-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%
3. Rosa DeLauro (D-CT-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
4. Jim Himes (D-CT-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	12%
5. Christopher Murphy (D-CT-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
Delaware Representatives										
Michael Castle (R-DE-AL)	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	75%
Florida Representatives										
1. Jeff Miller (R-FL-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2. F. Allen Boyd (D-FL-2)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	N	37%
3. Corrine Brown (D-FL-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%
4. Ander Crenshaw (R-FL-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
5. Ginny Brown-Waite (R-FL-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	87%
6. Cliff Stearns (R-FL-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ prevails: Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos		
7. John Mica (R-FL-7)	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	100%
8. Alan Grayson (D-FL-8)	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	100%
9. Gus Bilirakis (R-FL-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	25%
10. C.W. Bill Young (R-FL-10)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
11. Kathy Castor (D-FL-11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
12. Adam Putnam (R-FL-12)	+	+	N	N	N	+	+	+	+	62%
13. Vern Buchanan (R-FL-13)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
14. Connie Mack (R-FL-14)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
15. Bill Posey (R-FL-15)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
16. Tom Rooney (R-FL-16)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
17. Kendrick Meek (D-FL-17)	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	50%
18. Ileana Ros-Lehtinen (R-FL-18)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
19. Ted Deutch (D-FL-19)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	-	0%
19. Robert Wexler (D-FL-19)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	I	0%
20. Debbie Wasserman Schultz (D-FL-20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
21. Lincoln Diaz-Balart (R-FL-21)	+	+	N	N	N	+	+	+	+	62%
22. Ron Klein (D-FL-22)	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	50%
23. Alcee Hastings (D-FL-23)	-	-	N	N	N	-	-	-	N	0%
24. Suzanne Kosmas (D-FL-24)	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	62%
25. Mario Diaz-Balart (R-FL-25)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ prevails; Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos		
Georgia Representatives										
1. Jack Kingston (R-GA-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2. Sanford Bishop (D-GA-2)	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	37%
3. Lynn Westmoreland (R-GA-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
4. Henry Johnson (D-GA-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%
5. John Lewis (D-GA-5)	N	N	N	N	-	-	-	-	-	0%
6. Tom Price (R-GA-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
7. John Linder (R-GA-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	87%
8. Jim Marshall (D-GA-8)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	87%
9. Nathan Deal (R-GA-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	I	87%
9. Tom Graves (R-GA-9)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	0%
10. Paul Broun (R-GA-10)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
11. Phil Gingrey (R-GA-11)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
12. John Barrow (D-GA-12)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	87%
13. David Scott (D-GA-13)	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	25%
Hawaii Representatives										
1. Charles Djou (R-HI-1)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	+	12%
1. Neil Abercrombie (D-HI-1)	N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	I	0%
2. Mazie Hirono (D-HI-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Idaho Representatives										

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Reveals Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos		
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	100%
1. Walt Minnick (D-ID-1)	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	N	+	37%
2. Mike Simpson (R-ID-2)	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	87%
Illinois Representatives										
1. Bobby Rush (D-IL-1)	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	25%
2. Jesse Jackson (D-IL-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%
3. Daniel Lipinski (D-IL-3)	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	37%
4. Luis Guterrez (D-IL-4)	-	-	N	N	N	-	-	-	-	0%
5. Mike Quigley (D-IL-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
5. Rahm Emanuel (D-IL-5)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	0%
6. Peter Roskam (R-IL-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
7. Danny Davis (D-IL-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
8. Melissa Bean (D-IL-8)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	75%
9. Janice Schakowsky (D-IL-9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
10. Mark Kirk (R-IL-10)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
11. Deborah Halvorson (D-IL-11)	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	62%
12. Jerry Costello (D-IL-12)	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	25%
13. Judy Biggert (R-IL-13)	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	87%
14. Bill Foster (D-IL-14)	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	62%
15. Timothy Johnson (R-IL-15)	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	62%
16. Donald Manzullo (R-IL-16)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote									SCORE
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ prevails; Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos		
Indiana Representatives										
17. Phil Hare (D-IL-17)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	100%
18. Aaron Schock (R-IL-18)	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	-	0%
19. John Shimkus (R-IL-19)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	87%
Iowa Representatives										
1. Peter Visclosky (D-IN-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%
2. Joe Donnelly (D-IN-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	87%
3. Mark Souder (R-IN-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	I	+	87%
4. Steve Buyer (R-IN-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
5. Dan Burton (R-IN-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
6. Mike Pence (R-IN-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
7. Andre Carson (D-IN-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%
8. Brad Ellsworth (D-IN-8)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	62%
9. Baron Hill (D-IN-9)	N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	25%
Kansas Representatives										
1. Bruce Braley (D-IA-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
2. David Loebsack (D-IA-2)	N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
3. Leonard Boswell (D-IA-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%
4. Tom Latham (R-IA-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
5. Steve King (R-IA-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ prevails; Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos		
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	100%
1. Jerry Moran (R-KS-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2. Lynn Jenkins (R-KS-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3. Dennis Moore (D-KS-3)	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	37%
4. Todd Tiahrt (R-KS-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Kentucky Representatives										
1. Ed Whitfield (R-KY-1)	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	N	+	75%
2. Brett Guthrie (R-KY-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3. John Yarmuth (D-KY-3)	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	12%
4. Geoff Davis (R-KY-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	87%
5. Harold Rogers (R-KY-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
6. Ben Chandler (D-KY-6)	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	50%
Louisiana Representatives										
1. Steve Scalise (R-LA-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	87%
2. Anh Cao (R-LA-2)	+	+	N	N	N	+	N	+	+	50%
3. Charlie Melancon (D-LA-3)	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	N	37%
4. John Fleming (R-LA-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
5. Rodney Alexander (R-LA-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
6. Bill Cassidy (R-LA-6)	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	87%
7. Charles Boustany (R-LA-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Maine Representatives										

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Prevails; Justice Does Not	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos		
Pro-National Security Vote										
1. Chellie Pingree (D-ME-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%
2. Michael Michaud (D-ME-2)	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	0%
Maryland Representatives										
1. Frank Kratovil (D-MD-1)	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	75%
2. C.A. Ruppersberger (D-MD-2)	N	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	25%
3. John Sarbanes (D-MD-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
4. Donna Edwards (D-MD-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
5. Steny Hoyer (D-MD-5)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
6. Roscoe Bartlett (R-MD-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	87%
7. Elijah Cummings (D-MD-7)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
8. Chris Van Hollen (D-MD-8)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
Massachusetts Representatives										
1. John Olver (D-MA-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
2. Richard Neal (D-MA-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
3. James McGovern (D-MA-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
4. Barney Frank (D-MA-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
5. Niki Tsongas (D-MA-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
6. John Tierney (D-MA-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
7. Edward Markey (D-MA-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
8. Michael Capuano (D-MA-8)	-	-	N	N	N	N	N	N	-	0%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Prevails; Justice Does Not	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos	
Stephen Lynch (D-MA-9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%
William Delahunt (D-MA-10)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25%
Michigan Representatives									
Bart Stupak (D-MI-1)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	12%
Peter Hoekstra (R-MI-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Vernon Ehlers (R-MI-3)	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	75%
Dave Camp (R-MI-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Dale Kildee (D-MI-5)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	12%
Fred Upton (R-MI-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Mark Schauer (D-MI-7)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	37%
Michael Rogers (R-MI-8)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Gary Peters (D-MI-9)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	50%
Candice Miller (R-MI-10)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Thaddeus McCotter (R-MI-11)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Sander Levin (D-MI-12)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	12%
Carolyn Kilpatrick (D-MI-13)	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
John Conyers (D-MI-14)	-	-	N	N	N	-	-	-	0%
John Dingell (D-MI-15)	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	25%
Minnesota Representatives									
Tim Walz (D-MN-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Prevails; Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos	
Pro-National Security Vote									
2. John Kline (R-MN-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3. Erik Paulsen (R-MN-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
4. Betty McCollum (D-MN-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	N	-	0%
5. Keith Ellison (D-MN-5)	-	N	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
6. Michele Bachmann (R-MN-6)	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	87%
7. Collin Peterson (D-MN-7)	-	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	50%
8. James Oberstar (D-MN-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Mississippi Representatives									
1. Travis Childers (D-MS-1)	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	87%
2. Bennie Thompson (D-MS-2)	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
3. Gregg Harper (R-MS-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
4. Gene Taylor (D-MS-4)	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	87%
Missouri Representatives									
1. Wm. Lacy Clay (D-MO-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
2. Todd Akin (R-MO-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3. Russ Carnahan (D-MO-3)	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	37%
4. Ike Skelton (D-MO-4)	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	37%
5. Emanuel Cleaver (D-MO-5)	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
6. Sam Graves (R-MO-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	87%
7. Roy Blunt (R-MO-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	87%

Member of Congress	Member of Congress								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Prevails: Justice Does Not	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos		
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	100%
8. Jo Ann Emerson (R-MO-8)	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	87%
9. Blaine Luetkemeyer (R-MO-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Montana Representatives										
Denny Rehberg (R-MT-AL)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Nebraska Representatives										
1. Jeff Fortenberry (R-NE-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2. Lee Terry (R-NE-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3. Adrian Smith (R-NE-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Nevada Representatives										
1. Shelley Berkley (D-NV-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%
2. Dean Heller (R-NV-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3. Dina Titus (D-NV-3)	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	50%
New Hampshire Representatives										
1. Carol Shea-Porter (D-NH-1)	-	N	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	37%
2. Paul Hodes (D-NH-2)	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	37%
New Jersey Representatives										
1. Robert Andrews (D-NJ-1)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	25%
2. Frank LoBiondo (R-NJ-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3. John Adler (D-NJ-3)	+	+	+	-	-	N	+	+	+	62%
4. Christopher Smith (R-NJ-4)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	87%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Prevails; Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos		
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	100%
5. Scott Garrett (R-NJ-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
6. Frank Pallone (D-NJ-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
7. Leonard Lance (R-NJ-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
8. Bill Pascrell (D-NJ-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
9. Steven Rothman (D-NJ-9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
10. Donald Payne (D-NJ-10)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
11. Rodney Frelinghuysen (R-NJ-11)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
12. Rush Holt (D-NJ-12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
13. Albio Sires (D-NJ-13)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	25%
New Mexico Representatives										
1. Martin Heinrich (D-NM-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	12%
2. Harry Teague (D-NM-2)	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	75%
3. Ben Lujan (D-NM-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
New York Representatives										
1. Tim Bishop (D-NY-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	25%
2. Steve Israel (D-NY-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%
3. Peter King (R-NY-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	87%
4. Carolyn McCarthy (D-NY-4)	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
5. Gary Ackerman (D-NY-5)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	N	12%
6. Gregory Meeks (D-NY-6)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Reveals Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Missile Defense	4. Smile for the Camera	5. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	6. Welcome, Jihadists	7. No Funds, No Photos	8. No Funds, No Photos		
7. Joseph Crowley (D-NY-7)	+	-	N	N	N	-	-	-	+	100%
8. Jerrold Nadler (D-NY-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
9. Anthony Weiner (D-NY-9)	-	-	N	N	N	-	-	-	-	0%
10. Edolphus Towns (D-NY-10)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
11. Yvette Clarke (D-NY-11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
12. Nydia Velazquez (D-NY-12)	-	-	N	N	N	-	-	-	-	0%
13. Mike McMahon (D-NY-13)	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	75%
14. Carolyn Maloney (D-NY-14)	-	-	-	-	-	-	N	-	+	12%
15. Charles Rangel (D-NY-15)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
16. Jose Serrano (D-NY-16)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
17. Eliot Engel (D-NY-17)	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	37%
18. Nita Lowey (D-NY-18)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	25%
19. John Hall (D-NY-19)	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	50%
20. Scott Murphy (D-NY-20)	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	50%
20. Kirsten Gillibrand (D-NY)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	0%
21. Paul Tonko (D-NY-21)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	25%
22. Maurice Hinchey (D-NY-22)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
23. John McHugh (R-NY-23)	+	+	+	+	+	+	I	I	I	62%
23. Bill Owens (D-NY-23)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	+	12%
24. Michael Arcuri (D-NY-24)	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	62%
25. Dan Maffei (D-NY-25)	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	25%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Prevails; Justice Does Not	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos	
26. Christopher Lee (R-NY-26)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
27. Brian Higgins (D-NY-27)	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	100%
28. Louise McIntosh Slaughter (D-NY-28)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N	0%
29. Eric Massa (D-NY-29)	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	I	12%
North Carolina Representatives									
1. G.K. Butterfield (D-NC-1)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	12%
2. Bob Etheridge (D-NC-2)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	25%
3. Walter Jones (R-NC-3)	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	N	50%
4. David Price (D-NC-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
5. Virginia Foxx (R-NC-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
6. Howard Coble (R-NC-6)	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	87%
7. Mike McIntyre (D-NC-7)	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	62%
8. Larry Kissell (D-NC-8)	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	50%
9. Sue Myrick (R-NC-9)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
10. Patrick McHenry (R-NC-10)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
11. Heath Shuler (D-NC-11)	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	N	37%
12. Melvin Watt (D-NC-12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
13. Brad Miller (D-NC-13)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	25%
North Dakota Representatives									
Earl Pomeroy (D-ND-AL)	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	37%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Prevails; Justice Does Not	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos		
Ohio Representatives										
1. Steve Driehaus (D-OH-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	12%
2. Jean Schmidt (R-OH-2)	+	N	+	+	+	N	+	+	+	75%
3. Michael Turner (R-OH-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
4. Jim Jordan (R-OH-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
5. Robert Latta (R-OH-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	87%
6. Charlie Wilson (D-OH-6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	25%
7. Steve Austria (R-OH-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
8. John Boehner (R-OH-8)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
9. Marcy Kaptur (D-OH-9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
10. Dennis Kucinich (D-OH-10)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
11. Marcia Fudge (D-OH-11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
12. Patrick Tiberi (R-OH-12)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
13. Betty Sutton (D-OH-13)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%
14. Steven LaTourette (R-OH-14)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
15. Mary Jo Kilroy (D-OH-15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
16. John Boccieri (D-OH-16)	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	62%
17. Tim Ryan (D-OH-17)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	N	+	12%
18. Zack Space (D-OH-18)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	87%
Oklahoma Representatives										

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Previews Justice Does Not	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos	
Pro-National Security Vote									
1. John Sullivan (R-OK-1)	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	100%
2. Dan Boren (D-OK-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	37%
3. Frank Lucas (R-OK-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	75%
4. Tom Cole (R-OK-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
5. Mary Fallin (R-OK-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Oregon Representatives									
1. David Wu (D-OR-1)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	12%
2. Greg Walden (R-OR-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3. Earl Blumenauer (D-OR-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
4. Peter DeFazio (D-OR-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
5. Kurt Schrader (D-OR-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25%
Pennsylvania Representatives									
1. Robert Brady (D-PA-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
2. Chaka Fattah (D-PA-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
3. Kathy Dahlkemper (D-PA-3)	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	50%
4. Jason Altmire (D-PA-4)	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	75%
5. Glenn Thompson (R-PA-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
6. Jim Gerlach (R-PA-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
7. Joe Sestak (D-PA-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
8. Patrick Murphy (D-PA-8)	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	37%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote									SCORE
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Prevails; Justice Does Not	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos		
9. Bill Shuster (R-PA-9)	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	100%
10. Christopher Carney (D-PA-10)	-	+	+	-	-	N	N	+	+	100%
11. Paul Kanjorski (D-PA-11)	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	37%
12. John Murtha (D-PA-12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	I	+	0%
12. Mark Critz (D-PA-12)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	+	+	12%
13. Allyson Schwartz (D-PA-13)	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	37%
14. Mike Doyle (D-PA-14)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
15. Charles Dent (R-PA-15)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
16. Joseph Pitts (R-PA-16)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
17. Tim Holden (D-PA-17)	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	62%
18. Tim Murphy (R-PA-18)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
19. Todd Platts (R-PA-19)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Rhode Island Representatives										
1. Patrick Kennedy (D-RI-1)	N	N	N	N	N	-	-	-	-	0%
2. James Langevin (D-RI-2)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	25%
South Carolina Representatives										
1. Henry Brown (R-SC-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2. Joe Wilson (R-SC-2)	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	87%
3. J. Gresham Barrett (R-SC-3)	+	+	-	-	+	N	+	+	+	75%
4. Bob Inglis (R-SC-4)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	87%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ prevails; Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos	
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	100%
5. John Spratt (D-SC-5)	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	25%
6. James Clyburn (D-SC-6)	-	-	N	N	N	-	-	-	0%
South Dakota Representatives									
Stephanie Herseth Sandlin (D-SD-AL)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	87%
Tennessee Representatives									
1. Phil Roe (R-TN-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2. John Duncan (R-TN-2)	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	75%
3. Zach Wamp (R-TN-3)	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	87%
4. Lincoln Davis (D-TN-4)	+	+	+	N	+	+	-	+	75%
5. Jim Cooper (D-TN-5)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	25%
6. Bart Gordon (D-TN-6)	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	62%
7. Marsha Blackburn (R-TN-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
8. John Tanner (D-TN-8)	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	50%
9. Steve Cohen (D-TN-9)	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
Texas Representatives									
1. Louie Gohmert (R-TX-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2. Ted Poe (R-TX-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3. Sam Johnson (R-TX-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
4. Ralph Hall (R-TX-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	87%
5. Jeb Hensarling (R-TX-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Reveals Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Missile Defense	4. Smile for the Camera	5. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	6. Welcome, Jihadists	7. No Funds, No Photos	8. No Funds, No Photos		
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	100%
6. Joe Barton (R-TX-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
7. John Culberson (R-TX-7)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
8. Kevin Brady (R-TX-8)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
9. Al Green (D-TX-9)	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	12%
10. Michael McCaul (R-TX-10)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
11. Mike Conaway (R-TX-11)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
12. Kay Granger (R-TX-12)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
13. William Thornberry (R-TX-13)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
14. Ron Paul (R-TX-14)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
15. Ruben Hinojosa (D-TX-15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%
16. Silvestre Reyes (D-TX-16)	-	-	N	N	N	N	N	N	+	12%
17. Chet Edwards (D-TX-17)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	25%
18. Sheila Jackson Lee (D-TX-18)	-	-	N	N	N	N	N	N	-	0%
19. Randy Neugebauer (R-TX-19)	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	87%
20. Charles Gonzalez (D-TX-20)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	12%
21. Lamar Smith (R-TX-21)	N	+	N	N	N	N	+	+	+	50%
22. Pete Olson (R-TX-22)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
23. Ciro Rodriguez (D-TX-23)	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	25%
24. Kenny Marchant (R-TX-24)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
25. Lloyd Doggett (D-TX-25)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
26. Michael Burgess (R-TX-26)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ prevails; Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos		
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	100%
27. Solomon Ortiz (D-TX-27)	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	25%
28. Henry Cuellar (D-TX-28)	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	87%
29. Gene Green (D-TX-29)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	25%
30. Eddie Bernice Johnson (D-TX-30)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	12%
31. John Carter (R-TX-31)	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	+	+	87%
32. Pete Sessions (R-TX-32)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Utah Representatives										
1. Rob Bishop (R-UT-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2. Jim Matheson (D-UT-2)	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	62%
3. Jason Chaffetz (R-UT-3)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Vermont Representatives										
Peter Welch (D-VT-AL)	-	-	-	N	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Virginia Representatives										
1. Robert Wittman (R-VA-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2. Glenn Nye (D-VA-2)	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	50%
3. Bobby Scott (D-VA-3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
4. Randy Forbes (R-VA-4)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
5. Tom Perriello (D-VA-5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	25%
6. Bob Goodlatte (R-VA-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
7. Eric Cantor (R-VA-7)	+	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	87%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ prevails; Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Win in Afghanistan	4. Missile Defense	5. Smile for the Camera	6. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	7. Welcome, Jihadists	8. No Funds, No Photos	
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	100%
8. James Moran (D-VA-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
9. Rick Boucher (D-VA-9)	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	50%
10. Frank Wolf (R-VA-10)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
11. Gerry Connolly (D-VA-11)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	25%
Washington Representatives									
1. Jay Inslee (D-WA-1)	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	12%
2. Rick Larsen (D-WA-2)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	12%
3. Brian Baird (D-WA-3)	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	25%
4. Doc Hastings (R-WA-4)	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	87%
5. Cathy McMorris Rodgers (R-WA-5)	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	87%
6. Norman Dicks (D-WA-6)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	12%
7. Jim McDermott (D-WA-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
8. Dave Reichert (R-WA-8)	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	87%
9. Adam Smith (D-WA-9)	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	25%
West Virginia Representatives									
1. Alan Mollohan (D-WV-1)	-	-	-	-	-	+	N	-	12%
2. Shelley Capito (R-WV-2)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3. Nick Rahall (D-WV-3)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	25%
Wisconsin Representatives									
1. Paul Ryan (R-WI-1)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	87%

Member of Congress	Pro-National Security Vote								SCORE	
	1. Help Pay for Iranian Nuclear Program?	2. DOJ Reveals Justice Does Not Win in Afghanistan	3. Missile Defense	4. Smile for the Camera	5. No Fly, No Photo, No Entry	6. Welcome, Jihadists	7. No Funds, No Photos	8. No Funds, No Photos		
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	100%
2. Tammy Baldwin (D-WI-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
3. Ron Kind (D-WI-3)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	25%
4. Gwen Moore (D-WI-4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
5. F. James Sensenbrenner (R-WI-5)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
6. Thomas Petri (R-WI-6)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
7. David Obey (D-WI-7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
8. Steve Kagen (D-WI-8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Wyoming Representatives										
Cynthia Lummis (R-WY-AL)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%

NATIONAL SECURITY SCORECARD: U.S. SENATE

LEGEND

- + Voted With Us
- Voted Against Us
- P** Voted Present
- N** Did Not Vote
- I** Not in Office

Note: The letter 'N' indicates only that the Member of Congress did not cast a vote. However, in such instances—due to the mechanics of the scoring process—the absence of a vote did have a negative effect on the Member's final score. The letter 'I' indicates that a Member was not in office at the time the vote took place. This also had a negative effect on the Member's final score.

SENATE CHANGES DURING THIS SESSION

- Barack Obama (D-IL):** Elected President
- Edward Kennedy (D-MA):** Died August 25, 2009
- George LeMieux (R-FL):** Appointed September 10, 2009
- Hillary Clinton (D-NY):** Resigned January 21, 2009
- Joseph Biden (D-DE):** Elected Vice President
- Ken Salazar (D-CO):** Resigned January 21, 2009
- Kirsten Gillibrand (D-NY):** Sworn in January 27, 2009
- Mel Martinez (R-FL):** Resigned September 9, 2009
- Michael Bennet (D-CO):** Sworn in January 22, 2009
- Paul Kirk (D-MA):** Appointed September 25, 2009
- Robert Byrd (D-WV):** Died June 28, 2010
- Roland Burris (D-IL):** Sworn in January 15, 2009
- Scott Brown (R-MA):** Elected January 19, 2010
- Ted Kaufman (D-DE):** Sworn in January 16, 2009

Scorecard: U.S. SENATE SENATOR													SCORE
	1. No Global Taxes?	2. No Taxpayer Dollars to Gaza?	3. A Welcome Mat for Terrorists?	4. Confirm Harold Koh?	5. Virtual Fences Make Bad Neighbors	6. Is North Korea a Terrorist-Sponsor?	7. Should Senior Officers Testify?	8. Should CIA Monitor Climate Change?	9. Build an Un-needed Wind Tunnel?	10. Bring KSM to NYC?	11. Build Gitmo North?	12. Should We Subject the Military to Social Experimentation?	
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	100%
Jeff Sessions (R-AL)	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	91%
Richard Shelby (R-AL)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Mark Begich (D-AK)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Lisa Murkowski (R-AK)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	N	83%
Jon Kyl (R-AZ)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
John McCain (R-AZ)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Blanche Lincoln (D-AR)	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	50%
Mark Pryor (D-AR)	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	41%
Dianne Feinstein (D-CA)	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%
Barbara Boxer (D-CA)	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%
Michael Bennet (D-CO)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Ken Salazar (D-CO)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	0%
Mark Udall (D-CO)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Joseph Lieberman (I-CT)	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	41%
Christopher Dodd (D-CT)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Ted Kaufman (D-DE)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Thomas Carper (D-DE)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
George LeMieux (R-FL)	I	I	I	I	I	I	+	+	+	+	+	+	50%
Mel Martinez (R-FL)	+	+	+	-	-	+	I	I	I	I	I	I	33%
Bill Nelson (D-FL)	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	33%
Saxby Chambliss (R-GA)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Johnny Isakson (R-GA)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%

Scorecard: U.S. SENATE SENATOR													SCORE	
	1. No Global Taxes?	2. No Taxpayer Dollars to Gaza?	3. A Welcome Mat for Terrorists?	4. Confirm Harold Koh?	5. Virtual Fences Make Bad Neighbors	6. Is North Korea a Terrorist-Sponsor?	7. Should Senior Officers Testify?	8. Should CIA Monitor Climate Change?	9. Build an Un-needed Wind Tunnel?	10. Bring KSM to NYC?	11. Build Gitmo North?	12. Should We Subject the Military to Social Experimentation?		
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	100%
Daniel Inouye (D-HI)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Daniel Akaka (D-HI)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Mike Crapo (R-ID)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Jim Risch (R-ID)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Roland Burris (D-IL)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Richard Durbin (D-IL)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Richard Lugar (R-IN)	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	66%
Evan Bayh (D-IN)	+	-	+	-	+	+	N	-	+	-	-	-	-	41%
Charles Grassley (R-IA)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Tom Harkin (D-IA)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Pat Roberts (R-KS)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Sam Brownback (R-KS)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Jim Bunning (R-KY)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Mitch McConnell (R-KY)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
David Vitter (R-LA)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Mary Landrieu (D-LA)	N	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%
Susan Collins (R-ME)	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	75%
Olympia Snowe (R-ME)	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	83%
Barbara Mikulski (D-MD)	-	-	+	-	-	N	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Benjamin Cardin (D-MD)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Scott Brown (R-MA)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	+	8%
John Kerry (D-MA)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Paul Kirk (D-MA)	I	I	I	I	I	I	-	-	-	-	-	-	I	0%
Edward Kennedy (D-MA)	N	N	N	N	N	N	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	0%
Carl Levin (D-MI)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Debbie Stabenow (D-MI)	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%
Amy Klobuchar (D-MN)	-	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25%

Scorecard: U.S. SENATE SENATOR	<i>1. No Global Taxes?</i>												SCORE	
	<i>2. No Taxpayer Dollars to Gaza?</i>													
	<i>3. A Welcome Mat for Terrorists?</i>													
	<i>4. Confirm Harold Koh?</i>													
	<i>5. Virtual Fences Make Bad Neighbors</i>													
	<i>6. Is North Korea a Terrorist-Sponsor?</i>													
	<i>7. Should Senior Officers Testify?</i>													
	<i>8. Should CIA Monitor Climate Change?</i>													
	<i>9. Build an Un-needed Wind Tunnel?</i>													
	<i>10. Bring KSM to NYC?</i>													
	<i>11. Build Gitmo North?</i>													
	<i>12. Should We Subject the Military to Social Experimentation?</i>													
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	100%
Al Franken (D-MN)	I	I	I	I	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Thad Cochran (R-MS)	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	83%
Roger Wicker (R-MS)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Claire McCaskill (D-MO)	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	25%
Christopher Bond (R-MO)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Max Baucus (D-MT)	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%
Jon Tester (D-MT)	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%
Mike Johanns (R-NE)	N	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	83%
Ben Nelson (D-NE)	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41%
John Ensign (R-NV)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	91%
Harry Reid (D-NV)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	16%
Judd Gregg (R-NH)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	91%
Jeanne Shaheen (D-NH)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Robert Menendez (D-NJ)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Frank Lautenberg (D-NJ)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Jeff Bingaman (D-NM)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Tom Udall (D-NM)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Charles Schumer (D-NY)	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%
Kirsten Gillibrand (D-NY)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Kay Hagan (D-NC)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Richard Burr (R-NC)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Kent Conrad (D-ND)	N	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%
Byron Dorgan (D-ND)	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25%
Sherrod Brown (D-OH)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
George Voinovich (R-OH)	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	75%
Tom Coburn (R-OK)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
James Inhofe (R-OK)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%

Scorecard: U.S. SENATE SENATOR													SCORE
	1. No Global Taxes?	2. No Taxpayer Dollars to Gaza?	3. A Welcome Mat for Terrorists?	4. Confirm Harold Koh?	5. Virtual Fences Make Bad Neighbors	6. Is North Korea a Terrorist-Sponsor?	7. Should Senior Officers Testify?	8. Should CIA Monitor Climate Change?	9. Build an Un-needed Wind Tunnel?	10. Bring KSM to NYC?	11. Build Gitmo North?	12. Should We Subject the Military to Social Experimentation?	
Pro-National Security Vote	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	100%
Jeff Merkley (D-OR)	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%
Ron Wyden (D-OR)	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%
Robert Casey (D-PA)	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16%
Arlen Specter (D-PA)	+	+	+	-	+	-	-	N	N	-	-	-	33%
Jack Reed (D-RI)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Sheldon Whitehouse (D-RI)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Jim DeMint (R-SC)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Lindsey Graham (R-SC)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
John Thune (R-SD)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Tim Johnson (D-SD)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Lamar Alexander (R-TN)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Bob Corker (R-TN)	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	83%
John Cornyn (R-TX)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Kay Bailey Hutchison (R-TX)	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	91%
Orrin Hatch (R-UT)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Robert Bennett (R-UT)	+	N	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	91%
Patrick Leahy (D-VT)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Bernard Sanders (I-VT)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Jim Webb (D-VA)	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	25%
Mark Warner (D-VA)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Maria Cantwell (D-WA)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	16%
Patty Murray (D-WA)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Carte Goodwin (D-WV)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	0%
John Rockefeller (D-WV)	-	-	N	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Robert Byrd (D-WV)	-	-	N	N	N	N	-	N	N	N	-	-	0%
Herbert Kohl (D-WI)	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8%
Russ Feingold (D-WI)	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	33%
John Barrasso (R-WY)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Michael Enzi (R-WY)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%



CENTER FOR SECURITY POLICY
1901 Pennsylvania Avenue, Suite 201
Washington, DC 20006

Copyright © 2010 Center for Security Policy

The Center for Security Policy's *National Security Scorecard for the 111th Congress (2009-2010)* may be reproduced, distributed and transmitted electronically for personal or non-commercial purposes (including permitted reproductions of multiple copies), with appropriate attribution.